

SOULS RAMBLE DURING SLEEP

Visit and Chat With Other Souls.

With the Body Half Conscious, the Physical Brain Reviews Past Events.

London Theosophist Gives His Deductions After Scientific Investigation of Dreams.

NEW YORK, April 23.—"Do souls go visiting?" was the question that Charles W. Ledbetter attempted to answer before a large audience tonight at Genealogical hall, West Fifty-eighth street.

Mr. Ledbetter is from London, and is visiting this country under the auspices of the Theosophical society. His conclusions, he says, came after years of scientific investigation of dreams. As a result he makes the following deductions:

That the soul of a true man leaves the body during sleep and may be there or less fully conscious according to the degree of its development, and capable of receiving impressions, visiting freely, visiting places at a distance, and conversing with other souls, though also are asleep.

Although a soul is thus away from the body, the latter, nevertheless, possesses a kind of half-consciousness of its own, and the physical brain occupies with a mechanical view of the events, either of the day before or a longer antecedent period.

From these conditions there result various classes of dreams. One includes the soul's review of the day's events, which may be called true dreams or visions—knowledge of something happening at a distance at that time or a vision of something which afterwards comes to pass. These are recollections of what the soul during its absence really saw or did.

The other or commoner class is a mere recollection of the half-consciousness of the physical brain. An ordinary confused dream, with its incongruous and impossible positions, is a vision of the two.

A speaker advised his audience to hold the two extremes of opinion on the subject: neither to accept the visions with implicit faith, which may worry or trouble, nor to commit equally foolish mistakes of denying their teachings as nonsense, to observe carefully and note with elation the vivid, important dreams that let time decide their worth or not. In that way, he said, it will be able to build up a science of dreams.

AY NOW DRAW \$475,000 FROM NATIONAL TREASURY

PORTLAND, Ore., April 23.—Certified to H. W. Scott, president of the Lewis Clark corporation, attested by Henry A. secretary, a document was today to Washington, which, upon its return, entitles the 1904 lot to receive the national appropriation amounting to \$475,000.

The instrument referred to is a certificate of the fact that the company has available a total of bonds, stock, scrip and funds from the State of Oregon amounting in excess of \$475,000, which the appropriation bill provides to be shown to the Secretary of the Treasury before it will operate as a title against the gift.

Indian Agent Goes to the Bad

Albert M. Anderson Removed by President on Recommendation of Inspectors.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President Roosevelt has removed Maj. Albert M. Anderson, Indian agent in charge of the Colville reservation in Washington State, the result of alleged irregularities in administration of agency affairs.

Agent McNichols of the Indian reservation has been in progress several weeks in charge of the Colville reservation. It was charged that he had been a falsification of Maj. Anderson's vouchers, a padding of the Colville agency, and other irregularities of the law. Maj. Anderson was given ten days in which to explain the charges, and he attributed matters complained of to a clerk of the agency, who, however, it is said, disappeared on a leave of absence sixty days granted him by Maj. Anderson. The President's action is the result of the joint report and recommendation of McNichols and McNichols.

Russia Borrows From France.

PARIS, April 23.—The Journal's St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that the French government has agreed to loan to Russia, for the purpose of the Russo-Bulgarian war, a sum of 100,000,000 francs.

Death Sentence Unnerved Prisoner

"Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington's Face Turned Ashen and He Sank Down in Mute Despair.

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—Sentence was today passed upon "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington in the Circuit court at Clayton, Mo., who was convicted of having killed James McCann, his benefactor. Judge McElhinny set the date for the execution on June 14th, but later granted a stay of execution until after July 23rd.

Barrington entered the courtroom smiling and bearing himself with that self-possession that characterized him throughout his trial. When the court asked him if he had anything to say, before sentence was pronounced, Barrington replied:

"No, I have nothing to say except that I have not been given a fair trial. I had intended reviewing my case, but in deference to my attorney I will say nothing more."

When the sentence was pronounced Barrington almost collapsed. His face turned ashen and he sank down in a heap, his hands clasped in mute despair as he listened to his attorney ask for a stay of execution.

Blood Changes After Exercise

Corpuscles Increase Enormously, Especially After Exertion in Swimming.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—Dr. Philip B. Hawk of the University of Pennsylvania has been making investigations in blood analysis to determine what branch of athletics is best for health.

His examinations have been made after various forms of exercises, and reveal that the number of corpuscles increase immediately after exertion.

"The enormous increase in the blood count following vigorous athletic exercise," says Dr. Hawk, "probably is due to the sudden passage into the circulation of a large number of cells lying inactive in various parts of the body before the exercise took place."

The influence of swimming on the corpuscles is most marked, the greatest increase being in a three-minute game of water polo. In this case the average increase was 164 per cent, proving swimming to be the most vigorous of the sports considered.

Dr. Hawk's investigations have brought to light a fact of almost equal interest. The blood average of a college athlete is found to contain 5,000,000 red corpuscles per cubic millimeter, while that of the average male, according to physiological text-books, is only between 4,500,000 and 5,000,000.

The percentage of increase in the most interesting of these experiments follows: 100-yard dash, 24.8; 120-yard hurdles, 21.5; half-mile run, 11.9; mile run, 12.9; two-mile run, 8.5; broad jump (six jumps), 15.0.

Eight-Year-Old Would-Be Bigamist

Eloped With Two Little Girls, Looked for Preacher and Was Sent to Reform School.

Special to The Tribune.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 23.—Bernard Jennings, age 8, is now learning a trade in the St. Vincent de Paul's Industrial as a penalty for desiring to marry a couple of little girls.

He induced Hazel and Hattie McAllister, 7 and 5 years, respectively, to elope with him. He carried his clothing and theirs under his arm and visited numerous houses before he was arrested asking for a "preacher and a washerwoman."

When the policeman gave chase the boy proved a sprinter of no small ability, but he was overtaken, and on recommendation of his mother was sent to the reform school as an incorrigible. The girls were returned to their parents.

UNITED STATES READY TO PAY OVER CANAL MONEY

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The State Department has been notified of the conclusion in Paris of the contract for the sale to the United States Government by the Panama Canal company of all its franchises and property on the isthmus.

The money for the canal company will be paid over by the Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary Hay himself will pay to the State of Panama the \$10,000,000 to which it has become entitled. This payment will be made in Washington to Senor Arce, the newly appointed Minister from Panama, as soon as the Government of that State authorizes him to accept the money.

The authorities in Panama have become clamorous for this payment, as the money is needed to defray certain expenses already incurred in connection with the creation of the new State.

Street Car Men May Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—A. C. Carmen's union tonight there was an attendance of between 500 and 1000 men. The action of the union's executive committee in refusing to accept the offer of settlement made by the United Railroads company was endorsed. The union is to vote on the matter Monday. If the proposition is rejected a strike probably will result.

WOMAN ACCUSES MAN IN CHURCH

Striking Scene Occurs in Brooklyn.

"One Who Takes Communion With You Is Stained in Infamy," She Said.

She Had Been Paid Money for Her Wrongs, but Had Demanded More.

Special to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 23.—There was a lull in the services at the Friday evening prayer-meeting at the Washington Avenue Baptist church, Brooklyn, when a woman arose in a rear pew and asked permission to speak. She wore a neat tailor-made gown and presented a stylish and attractive appearance. Before the pastor could nod acquiescence to her request, she said:

"I came here a week ago and listened to the testimony of those who were about to become members of the church. I was surprised at the way they were questioned concerning their spiritual condition. I say I was surprised, because there is one allowed to take communion wine with you whose hands are stained with infamy."

"There are lawyers whom I know who with myself can prove that what I say is true. I don't say it in a spirit of vindictiveness, yet justice and truth require that it be made public. There can be no blame attached to a church into which deceptive creatures find their way, but the church that would knowingly countenance such crime surely has disgraced and blame at its door."

Then She Walked Out.

Without further ado, and before the congregation had recovered from its amazement, the woman turned and calmly walked out of the church.

New York Sporting Man Believed to Be Victim of Conspiracy—Lost Two Thousand Dollars.

Special to The Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—Did Mrs. M. E. Watson help to relieve F. J. McKee of \$2000 at the Hotel Flanders? This all Philadelphia is now asking.

Mrs. Watson is a widow, young and prepossessing. The wife of a prominent physician was also with Mrs. Watson. So was E. S. Armstrong, Armstrong was arrested, waived examination and will be investigated by the Grand jury.

McKee is the well-known Newport sporting man. The police now believe McKee was the victim of a conspiracy in which two women and three men are implicated. Sensational arrests are promised.

Panic-Stricken by a Big Rat

Fashionable Shoppers in Brave Old Philadelphia Terrorized by a Wriggling Rodent.

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The cat had just caught a large rat, and pursued by a dog had run into the candy store to preserve the game and finish the killing. The cat's wriggling and squealing was too much for the women, and there was a disturbance that resembled a riot.

To Compile Directory of Daughters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—The Daughters of the American Revolution have decided to compile a directory of the members, and a resolution was passed today urging legislation to prohibit the desecration of the United States flag.

Action was taken urging legislation for a suitable national monument to the memory of the American Revolution, in the form of a lighthouse, to commemorate the achievements of Matthew Fontaine Murray, a Revolutionary hero. Several Revolutionary relics, including a piece of a flag carried at the battle of Bunker Hill, were presented to the congress.

Gold Comes and Goes.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Goldman, Sachs & Co. have engaged \$1,600,000 in gold for shipment to Paris on the steamer sailing next Tuesday.

Heidelberg & Co. engaged \$1,500,000 for shipment on Tuesday to Paris. A shipment of \$1,500,000 to Paris will also be made on the same date by Lazard Freres.

The sub-treasury today paid \$1,450,000 to banks on a telegraphic order from the San Francisco mint, against deposit there for imported Japanese yen.

Hepburn, Cockran and Dalzell Figure in an Exciting Debate in Congress

HEPBURN Resents Criticism of the President.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Two of the "heavyweight" speakers of the House of Representatives held sway in that body today. Representative Hepburn of Iowa first aroused and held Republican enthusiasm at a high pitch. After an hour and a half he yielded the floor, which was taken possession of by Bourke Cockran of New York, who brought from his Democratic colleagues thunderous applause and cheers. Mr. Cockran spoke for two hours. Each speaker took "the other side of the chamber" for his legitimate prey, although the general political field was reviewed. The feature of the day, which was clearly of the sensational order, was the charge of Mr. Dalzell against Mr. Cockran that he had worked for hire for the election of Mr. McKinley. Denunciation of this charge and the gentleman who made it was in language bitter with resentment.

Defense of the President.

Mr. Hepburn referred to the criticism of the President by Mr. Kitchen yesterday. The gentleman, he said, was a member of a co-ordinate branch of the Government, "yet you listened to the bitter, yet, the cynical denunciation of the President." This was a degradation to the Nation before the world, he declared.

Turning his attention to Democratic Presidential possibilities, Mr. Hepburn said that when "that young giant of the West had begun to move over the troubled Democratic waters it became apparent to the leaders of that party that something must be done."

This young man (William R. Hearst) was not liked by the Democratic House leaders, nor the Democratic Senators, but they saw that he must be nominated unless something was done.

"So the men who said nothing but Cleveland," he continued, "those who had said Gorman, or Olney, all got together in conference and snatched their ranks with a fine-tooth comb and finally discovered a man who had never uttered a single political sentiment, but had voted the Democratic ticket; he was a friend of Cleveland and had not bolted Bryan. At once they said, 'This is our man.'"

But when the masses of the Republican party shall name by acclamation Theodore Roosevelt, it will be because they know his sentiments, they know his integrity, they know his intelligence and wisdom and can trust him."

Ship Subsidy Bill.

Mr. Cockran of New York took the floor. He began by remarking that there never was a better illustration of the close connection of the vicious principle of protection with all other vicious legislative propositions than the ship subsidy bill.

Mr. Cockran desired to devote himself to an opposition to ship subsidy. Ardent patriot that he is, Mr. Cockran said he did not suppose that even the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Grosvenor) would advise making up the loss in any other business out of the treasury.

This ship subsidy presented the full issue between the parties, he said. The challenge had been made by Messrs. Hepburn and Grosvenor for the Democrats to name the issue. "They would name it prosperity," he continued, "but prosperity is no issue. All men who labor seek prosperity. We seek abundance by civilized methods; you, perhaps quite unconsciously, seek it by a return to the methods of barbarism."

"The difference between the two parties, which was indicated in every Republican 'song,' was that the Democratic party did not know what it wanted and did not know how to get it; the Republican party knew what it wanted and always knew how to reach out for it."

"The Democratic party was essentially one of divisions. The Republican party had an appetite and knew how to gratify it, and the Democratic party had beliefs for the good of the country. On these beliefs battles were fought to the finish."

"We are going into the campaign torn with distracted feelings, many of us headlong divergent views. That is a feature of Democratic procedure. That's why we are going to hold a convention. You are exposed to no such peril. I congratulate you on your security. You will hold a mass meeting. Your proceedings are already arranged for you in a public building, the other end of Pennsylvania avenue."

As to the platform, Mr. Cockran said that if the New York Democratic plat-

COCKRAN Resents Insinuations Against Himself.

form was evasive he wondered what would be the terms of that written in the White House. Mr. Cockran humorously referred to a remark said to have been made by President Roosevelt about the good and bad trusts. He said that naturally had trusts been those which raised prices, but a great onslaught had been made on one which did not raise prices, the Northern Securities company, and it had only been compelled to change its base. The trusts which raised prices were those which were protected by a tariff wall.

Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania asked Mr. Cockran if he had the same views when he was making Republican speeches in 1896.

Mr. Cockran responded that he never made a Republican speech in his life; that he supported McKinley when the people had forced a financial plank in the platform which met his (Cockran's) approval.

"I will say that I have been informed that it was profitable to the gentleman from New York to support McKinley when he did," remarked Mr. Dalzell, amid applause and laughter on the Republican side.

"That is a statement," replied Mr. Cockran, with vehemence, "which has been made wherever there has been found a mouth foul enough to utter words beneath which there was no conscience (Democratic applause). I challenge the gentleman and all the cohorts of vice and villainy to come forward and show to the Republican party to show that the national committee ever contributed as much as my railroad fare during all that campaign."

This was greeted with prolonged cheers and applause on the Democratic side.

"I do not suppose the gentleman paid any railroad fare," said Mr. Dalzell.

Paid His Own Expenses.

Mr. Cockran said he paid his own expenses wherever he went, and continued:

"I challenge the gentleman now, as I challenged Mr. Hanna while he was living, as I challenged the New York Tribune while it was New York, to show me a subscriber to instead of a recipient from campaign funds. The gentleman attributes to me what he knows to be the uni-

DALZELL Arouses Wrath by Old Campaign Charges.

versal custom of every Republican politician."

This was greeted with prolonged cheers and applause by the Democrats.

"I can say as to myself," said Mr. Dalzell, "precisely what the gentleman has said, himself with respect to campaigning."

"I should not have respected the gentleman," retorted Mr. Cockran, "but it has been my experience in life that no man is quick to accuse another of infamy unless he has been intimate with it himself."

There was more applause and cheering on the Democratic side.

"The gentleman better apply that logic to himself right now, and let me say to him what I said I have been informed."

"By whom, by whom," shouted Mr. Cockran, "name him, name him."

"By a Democrat," replied Mr. Dalzell, and was about to continue.

"Name him, name him," again shouted Mr. Cockran. "Name him now and here."

There was a chorus of "name him, name him," on the Democratic side.

Couldn't Be Said in the House.

"Name him or admit that you are—" Mr. Cockran said and paused, "what cannot be said in this House."

At this there was wild and tumultuous cheering and applause on the Democratic side.

"Why, of course, I will not name him," said Mr. Dalzell.

"Of course not, of course not," shouted a dozen Democrats.

"Sir," thundered Mr. Cockran, turning to the speaker, "the man who makes this confession cannot interrupt me again or come voluntarily within the range of my vision."

So vociferous was the Democratic demonstration that it was some time before Mr. Cockran could resume.

He then continued discussion of trusts. Describing the long reign and mistakes of the Republican party, Mr. Cockran predicted its reign would end and end now. It mattered not whether the man to lead the Democracy to victory was the one named by the New York convention, Judge Parker, or whether the leader should be the man who suppressed boodles' crime in New York. He hoped the minority leader of the House (Mr. Williams of Mississippi) would be on the ticket.

Polygamy Not Worst Phase of Mormonism

Society Women in Big Robbery

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Supreme Test Made in Court

Fire Built on a Man's Spine to Prove That He Had Lost Sense of Feeling.

Special to The Tribune.

BUTLER, Pa., April 23.—Edward J. Quigley was injured on the Pennsylvania railroad and sued for damages. His spine was so injured that he lost all sense of feeling. He could not use his legs. The physicians claim the man suffered from posterior displacement of a vertebrae near the middle of the back.

The company made a vigorous defense. Around the witness chair was a group of skeletons and numerous chairs. The plaintiff was supplied by a straight jacket. When the claim was made that Quigley was bereft of feeling his physician built a fire on his back below the dislocation. Quigley suffered no pain.

JEFFRIES Marries Miss Freda Meyer

World's Champion Heavy-Weight Pugilist Departs From Sphere of Bachelorhood.

AKLAND, Cal., April 23.—James J. Jeffries, the champion pugilist, was married here tonight to Miss Freda Meyer of New York City. The ceremony was performed by Police Judge Smith.

The bride, who had been acquainted with Jeffries for several years, has not been known to public life in any way.

The bride couple will go to Harbin Springs, where the champion will train for his coming fight with Munro.

Milton Vale, Kan., Burned.

CLAY CENTER, Kan., April 23.—Milton Vale, a small town near here, was nearly destroyed today by fire. Twenty buildings burned. Only two business houses were left. The loss is over \$40,000.

Diamond Ring Around Rat's Neck

Family Mouser Killed a Rodent That Proved a Very Valuable Day's Work.

Special to The Tribune.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. Y., April 23.—Maggie Adams lost a diamond ring more than two years ago. She searched for it vainly for months and had come to believe that some one had appropriated it. Uriah J. Allen had a cat that for several weeks had worked unceasingly to drive some mice from cover in the barn. Finally she caught a family of them beyond their lair and killed them all. Around one of their necks was a Miss Adams' diamond ring. It had doubtless fallen in a runaway or was dragged there and a young mouse must have got its head through the ring and was unable to free itself, wearing the ring for possibly a year or more.

Get a Uniform or Must Resign

Gov. Sparks of Nevada Does Not Propose to Have His Staff Officers Look Seedy.

Special to The Tribune.

RENO, Nev., April 23.—Gov. Sparks has issued an order directing that members of his staff in future appear at all State receptions attired in uniform. The result is that each member of the staff will be compelled to expend about \$500 to comply with the Governor's order.

Capt. Cox was entrusted with the duty of serving the order, and he stated that each staff officer must comply with the order or resign. The newspapers of the State are taking up the matter and seem to side with the officers, claiming a display of pomp unnecessary. Years ago the Governor's staff officers wore uniforms. Of late years, however, the custom has gone out of vogue.

Gov. Sparks, in an interview, states that the only object for asking that uniforms be used is to uphold the dignity of Nevada.

Alleged Boodler Returns for Trial.

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—Charles Kratz, former member of the City Council, now under \$40,000 bond to answer to an indictment charging him with bribery while a Councilman, has returned from Guadalajara, Mex. Kratz says he will appear at Butler, Mo., at the opening of the May term of the Bates county circuit court for answer to the bribery charge against him.

SO TESTIFIES JUDGE POWERS

Plural Marriages Fated Like Slavery.

Charges Church Interferences in Political and Commercial Affairs.

Attempts to Control in Municipal Government to Obtain Concessions and Franchises.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—When the investigation of the Smoot case opened today Judge O. W. Powers was again called to the stand.

He said he received a petition prepared by supporters of Moses Thatcher for Senator, addressed to the Senate of the United States, alleging that church influences had been used in the election, and asking for an investigation.

Another instance of church interference had been shown, he said, in the Mayoralty contest at Provo, when Reel Smoot favored the candidacy of George Sutherland. The witness said Smoot was held in disfavor with the church, and charged with going to the Liberal party.

Senator Overman asked if women were elected to the Legislature in Utah. The witness answered in the affirmative, and said a woman was chairman of the Judiciary committee of the House in the Legislature which elected Mr. Smoot as Senator.

"Did she vote for Smoot?" asked Senator Overman.

"I understand she did."

Senator Dubois—Judge Powers, what do you regard the chief exhibition of church domination over political affairs that has come to your notice?

When Thatcher Was Dropped.

"It occurred at the April, 1896, conference, when the political rule, that is the manifesto against Mormons entering politics without consent of church authorities, was adopted. This rule was adopted without a dissenting vote, and at the same conference Moses Thatcher was dropped from the rolls as an apostate, and no explanation of any character was made."

Senator McComas—How do the young